

## COMPUTER NETWORKS

<b>Course Code</b>	<b>23CS3502</b>	<b>Year</b>	<b>III</b>	<b>Semester</b>	<b>I</b>
<b>Course Category</b>	<b>Professional Core</b>	<b>Branch</b>	<b>CSE</b>	<b>Course Type</b>	<b>Theory</b>
<b>Credits</b>	<b>3</b>	<b>L – T – P</b>	<b>3-0-0</b>	<b>Prerequisites</b>	Computer Organisation and Architecture and Data Structures
<b>Continuous Evaluation:</b>	<b>30</b>	<b>Semester End Evaluation:</b>	<b>70</b>	<b>Total Marks:</b>	<b>100</b>

<b>Course Outcomes</b>		
Upon successful completion of the course, the student will be able to:		
<b>CO1</b>	<b>Understand</b> the foundational concepts of computer networks, including network types, topologies, models, and transmission media, to establish a basis for analyzing and designing network architectures.	<b>L2</b>
<b>CO2</b>	<b>Apply</b> data link layer and media access control (MAC) sublayer mechanisms, including their protocols, to <b>determine</b> suitable techniques for efficient and reliable data transmission.	<b>L3</b>
<b>CO3</b>	<b>Apply</b> network layer concepts, including routing algorithms, IP addressing schemes, congestion control techniques, and protocol mechanisms, to <b>develop</b> efficient network communication strategies.	<b>L3</b>
<b>CO4</b>	<b>Analyze</b> the functionalities of transport and application layer protocols, including TCP, UDP, DNS, HTTP, and email systems, to <b>assess</b> their role in achieving secure, reliable, and efficient end-to-end communication.	<b>L4</b>

<b>Syllabus</b>		
<b>Unit No.</b>	<b>CONTENTS</b>	<b>Mapped CO</b>
<b>I</b>	<b>Introduction:</b> Network Types-LAN, MAN, WAN; Network Topologies; Reference models- the OSI Reference Model, the TCP/IP Reference Model, A Comparison of the OSI and TCP/IP Reference Models. <b>Physical Layer</b> –Introduction to Guided Media-Twisted-pair cable, Coaxial cable and Fiber optic cable; Introduction about unguided media.	<b>CO1</b>
<b>II</b>	<b>Data link layer:</b> Data link layer design issues-Services provided to Network Layer, <b>Framing:</b> fixed size framing, variable size framing, error control, flow control; Error detection codes-CRC; <b>Elementary Data Link Layer protocols:</b> Simplex protocol, Simplex stop and wait, Simplex protocol for Noisy Channel. <b>Sliding window protocol:</b> One bit, Go back N, and Selective repeat	<b>CO1, CO2</b>

III	<b>Media Access Control: Random Access:</b> ALOHA, Carrier sense multiple access (CSMA), CSMA with Collision Detection, CSMA with Collision Avoidance, <b>Controlled Access:</b> Reservation, Polling, Token Passing, <b>Channelization:</b> frequency division multiple access (FDMA), time division multiple access (TDMA), code division multiple access (CDMA)	CO1, CO2
IV	<b>The Network Layer:</b> The network layer design issues-Store and Forward Packet Switching, Services Provided to the Transport layer, Implementation of Connectionless Service, Implementation of Connection Oriented Service, Comparison of Virtual Circuit and Datagram Networks; Routing Algorithms-The Optimality principle-Shortest path, Flooding, Distance vector, Link state, Hierarchical; Congestion Control algorithms-General principles of congestion control, Congestion prevention policies; Fragmentation, Network layer in the internet – IP protocols, IP Version 4 protocol- IPV4 Header Format, IP addresses, Class full Addressing, CIDR, Subnets, IP Version 6-the main IPV6 header, Transition from IPV4 to IPV6, Comparison of IPV4 & IPV6.	CO1, CO3
V	<b>The Transport Layer:</b> Transport layer protocols: Introduction-services- port number; User data gram protocol-User datagram, UDP services, UDP applications; Transmission control protocol: TCP services- TCP features- Segment- A TCP connection- windows in TCP-flow control-Error control, Congestion control in TCP. <b>Application Layer:</b> World Wide Web, HTTP, Electronic mail-Architecture, web based mail, email security, TELENET-local versus remote Logging; Domain Name System.	CO1, CO4

### Learning Resources

#### Text Books

1. A. S. Tanenbaum, D. J. Wetherall, and N. Feamster, *Computer Networks*, 6th ed. Pearson Education, 2021.
2. B. A. Forouzan, *Data Communications and Networking*, 6th ed. New Delhi, India: McGraw-Hill Education, 2022.

#### Reference Books

1. A. S. Godbole and A. Kahate, *Data Communications and Networks*, 2nd ed. New Delhi, India: McGraw-Hill Education (TMH), 2011.
2. M. Dave, *Computer Networks*, 1st ed. New Delhi, India: Cengage Learning India Pvt Ltd, 2012.

#### E-Resources & other digital material

- Raman, B. *Computer Networks – NPTEL Online Course*. Indian Institute of Technology Bombay. Retrieved from <https://nptel.ac.in/courses/106101092>
- University of Colorado. *Computer Communications – Coursera*. Retrieved from <https://www.coursera.org/learn/computer-communications>
- Western Governors University. *Computer Networking Essentials – edX Course*. Retrieved from <https://www.edx.org/course/computer-networking-essentials>
- Bonaventure, O. *Computer Networking: Principles, Protocols and Practice (Open textbook)*. Retrieved from <https://inl.info.ucl.ac.be/CNP3>
- **Cisco Networking Academy**. *Packet Tracer Simulation Tool & Courses*. Cisco Systems. Retrieved from <https://www.netacad.com/courses/packet-tracer>
- Gate Smashers. *Computer Networks – Full Course Playlist [YouTube]*. Retrieved from

[https://www.youtube.com/playlist?list=PLmXKhU9FNesQGzPjAEr3p5PzzuIYQ\\_Tcq](https://www.youtube.com/playlist?list=PLmXKhU9FNesQGzPjAEr3p5PzzuIYQ_Tcq)

- **GeeksforGeeks.** *Computer Network Tutorials*. Retrieved from <https://www.geeksforgeeks.org/computer-network-tutorials/>
- **TutorialsPoint.** *Data Communication & Computer Network*. Retrieved from [https://www.tutorialspoint.com/data\\_communication\\_computer\\_network/index.htm](https://www.tutorialspoint.com/data_communication_computer_network/index.htm)
- **InterviewBit.** *Computer Networking Interview Preparation*. Retrieved from <https://www.interviewbit.com/computer-networking/overview/>