II B.Tech - II Semester – Regular Examinations - MAY 2025

ENGINEERING GEOLOGY (CIVIL ENGINEERING)

Max. Marks: 70

Note: 1. This question paper contains two Parts A and B.

- 2. Part-A contains 10 short answer questions. Each Question carries 2 Marks.
- 3. Part-B contains 5 essay questions with an internal choice from each unit. Each Question carries 10 marks.
- 4. All parts of Question paper must be answered in one place.

BL – Blooms Level

CO – Course Outcome

PART – A

		BL	CO
1. a)	Why is geology essential for assessing the	L1	CO1
	suitability of land for construction projects?		
b)	What are the two main types of weathering?		CO1
c)	Define a mineral and a rock.		CO2
d)	List the physical properties of minerals.		CO2
e)	What are joints in geology?	L1	CO2
f)	What is Outcrop?		CO2
g)	What is the cone of depression?		CO3
h)	How does the scale help in understanding the		CO4
	impact of seismic events?		
i)	What are the geological considerations that need	L1	CO5
	to be taken into account when selecting a dam		
	site?		
j)	What are the primary purposes of tunneling in	L1	CO5
	geological engineering?		

PART - B

			1	1		
			BL	CO	Max. Marks	
		UNIT-I				
2	Dis	cuss the main branches of geology and	L3	CO1	10 M	
	exp	lain their significance in understanding the				
	Earth's processes. How do these branches					
	inte	rrelate and what are their practical				
	app	lications?				
	r	OR				
3	a)	What is the process of weathering and	L2	CO1	5 M	
		how does it affect the physical and				
		chemical properties of rocks?				
	b)	Investigate how the physical and	L3	CO1	5 M	
		chemical weathering of rocks contributes				
		to soil formation.				
	UNIT-II					
4	Exp	plain the importance of field studies,	L4	CO2	10 M	
	labo	pratory techniques and petrographic				
	met	hods in the classification and study of				
	min	erals and rocks.				
	OR					
5	a)	Discuss the properties of mica and its	L2	CO2	5 M	
		significance in rocks like schist and				
		gneiss.				
	b)	Explain the structure, texture and forms	L3	CO2	5 M	
		of sedimentary rocks such as shale,				
		sandstone and limestone.				

		UNIT-III			
6	a)	Describe the methods used to measure strike and dip in the field.	L2	CO2	5 M
	b)	Discuss how faults are identified and	L3	CO2	5 M
		studied in civil engineering. How do engineers assess the risks associated with			
		fault zones?			
		OR	<u> </u>		
7	Dis	cuss the significance of understanding	L4	CO2	10 M
		ls and faults in civil engineering projects			
		h as dam construction, tunnels and			
	_	hways. How can the presence of these			
	_	logical structures impact the safety and			
stability of engineering projects?					
		UNIT-IV			
8	a)	Describe the various techniques used in	L2	CO3	5 M
		groundwater exploration. What are the			
		advantages of each method?			
	b)	What are the effects of earthquakes on	L3	CO4	5 M
		the built environment? Discuss the			
		precautionary measures that should be			
		taken when constructing buildings in			
		seismic areas.			
	\ \	OR	T O		<u> </u>
9	a)	Classify landslides and discuss their	L2	CO4	5 M
	b)	causes and effects.	12	CO4	5 1
	b)	Discuss the principles and applications of seismic methods in geophysical studies.	L3	CO4	5 M
		seisine menious in geophysical studies.			

	UNIT-V					
10	Dis	cuss the different types of dams and their	L2	CO5	10 M	
	purposes. How do the geological conditions					
	of a	site influence the choice of dam type?				
	OR					
11	a)	Describe the role of geological surveys in	L2	CO5	5 M	
		ensuring the safety and sustainability of a				
		dam and its associated reservoir.				
	b)	What is the expected life span of a	L3	CO5	5 M	
		reservoir? Discuss the geological factors				
		that can contribute to the deterioration or				
		extension of a reservoir's life.				