PVP 19

INSTRUMENTATION AND SENSOR TECHNOLOGIES OF CIVIL ENGINEERING APPLICATIONS

Course	19EC2801A	Year	IV	Semester	II
Code					
Course	Inter	Branch	Common to	Course Type	Theory
Category	Disciplinary		all		
	Elective III				
Credits	3	L-T-P	3-0-0	Prerequisite	
				S	
Continuous	30	Semester	70	Total	100
Internal		End		Marks:	
Evaluation:		Evaluation:			

Course Outcomes

Upon	successful completion of the course, the student will be able to
CO1	Summarize various performance characteristics of instruments and the quality of
	measurement (L2)
CO2	Interpret the type of transducer based on the transduction principles(L2)
CO3	Identify the relevant transducer for measurement of physical quantities (L3)
CO4	Discover the additional attributes in advanced sensors and their role in Civil
	Engineering(L4)

Mapping of course outcomes with Program outcomes (CO/ PO/PSO Matrix)

in apping of course outcomes (in Frequencies (Co) Fo(Frequencies)														
Note: 1- V	Veak	correl	ation	2-	Medi	um co	orrela	tion	3-5	Strong	correl	ation		
* - 1	Avera	ge va	lue in	dicate	es cou	irse c	orrela	tion s	treng	th with	n mapp	bed PC)	
COs	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12	PSO1	PSO2
CO1	2	1	2	1										2
CO2	2	1	2	1										2
CO3	2	1	2	1										2
CO4	2	1	2	1										2
Average* (Rounded to nearest integer)	2	1	2	1										2

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	Syllabus	
Unit No.	Contents	Mapped CO
Ι	 Introduction: Definition of sensor/transducer-Block Diagramelements of measurement system-classification of sensors/transducers-static characteristics-accuracy, precision, resolution, linearity, sensitivity, range, loading effect, threshold, dead time, dead zone, span. Errors in measurement: True value, static error, static correction, scale range and scale span, error calibration curve, readability, repeatability & reproducibility, drift and noise 	CO-1

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[Resistive Transducers: Potentiometers-Linear POT, Rotary POT,	
	characteristics of POT. Thermistors- Construction and its	
	Resistance- Temperature characteristics.	
	Thermocouples- Construction and its Resistance-emf	CO-2,
	characteristics	CO-3
	Inductive Transducers : Principle of change of self inductance, Principle of change of mutual inductance, Linear variable differential transformer (LVDT), Rotary variable differential transformer (RVDT).	
Ι	Capacitive Transducers: Introduction-Variable area type-variable	
	air gap type- differential arrangement in capacitive transducers, variation of dielectric constant for measurement of liquid level, , variation of dielectric constant for measurement of displacement, advantages & disadvantages of Capacitive transducers . Piezoelectric Transducers : Measurement of Force, Modes of operation of Piezoelectric crystals, properties of Piezoelectric	CO-2, CO-3
	crystals, use of Piezoelectric Transducers.	
V	 Hall effect Transducers: Hall effect element, Measurement of displacement, current and power. Optical Transducers: Vacuum photo emissive cell and its characteristics, semi conductor photo electric transducer- Photo conductive cell and its characteristics, photo voltaic cell and its characteristics. 	CO-2, CO-3
7	Digital and Smart Sensors:	CO-4
	Introduction to digital encoding transducer- digital displacement	0.0
	transducers- shaft encoder-optical encoder, Introduction to Smart	
	Sensors, Overview in Applications of sensors in Civil Engineering.	
	Learning Resources	
	Books	
2. A I 3. I	A.K.Ghosh, "Introduction to Measurements & Instrumentation", IIIrd ec A.K.Sawhney & Puneet Sawhney, "A Course in Mechanical Measurement nstrumentation", Dhanapat Rai & Co. D.V.S.Murty, "Transducers & Instrumentation", PHI.	
	ence Books	
2. I 3. E	Raman Pallas-Arney& John G.Webster, "Sensors & Signal Conditioning D.Patranabis, "Sensors and Transducers" 2 nd edition, PHI, 2013. BC Nakra, KK Chaudhry "Instrumentation, Measurement and Analysis" ^{Ad} Edition,TMH	-